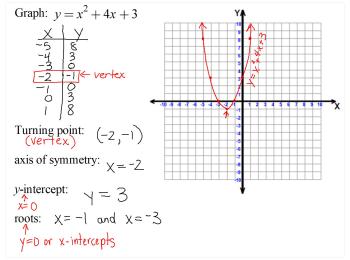
8.4 The Graph of a Quadratic Equation

Quadratic Equation - $y = ax^2 + bx + c$ * has an x^2

Parabola - graph of a quadratic equation Lylooks like a smile or frown

- The **vertex**, or **turning point**, is either the minimum or maximum. It is an ordered pair.
- The **axis of symmetry** is a vertical line of symmetry. It is of the form "x = "
- The **end behavior of the graph** is whether it opens up or down.
- The roots are the x-intercepts. these are x values that make y=0.
 ***There can be 0, 1 or 2 roots.

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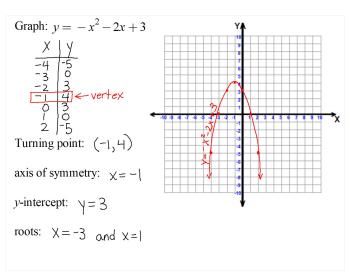
HOMEWORK

Worksheet - Graphing Quadratics

USING THE GRAPHING CALCULATOR TO GRAPH:

- Open a new document. (Choose no when asked to save document)
 Choose 2: Add Graphs
 Hit CTRL-G (or Tab) to open (or close) the equation entry line.
 Hit Enter to display the graph.
- 2. Look at the graph to approximate the vertex.
- 3. Hit CTRL-T to open (or close) a table of values. CTRL-6 will move the table of values to a separate page.
- Locate the vertex in the table of values and position this as the middle entry in the table on screen. Copy these five ordered pairs to a table on your paper.
- You will need to move the table to get one value above the copied table information and one value from below the copied table information.
 You will now have 7 ordered pairs in your table.
- 6. Graph the points on the coordinate plane and create the parabola.
- 7. From here, you can identify: turning point, axis of symmetry, roots, and *y*-intercept.

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